Is the Trinity Doctrine True or False?

Trinitytruth.org

Introduction

The word trinity is derived from the Latin word trinitas, which came from the Platonic term *trias* meaning three. Thus it is philosophical in origin.

The word trinity was introduced by Tertullian (160-225 AD) who was a pagan turned Catholic theologian and one of the early Church fathers who wrote in the early third century to define the teaching concerning the Godhead. His conclusion was that the Father, Son and Holy Spirit were *one substance*, but not *one in person*. He also did not see the Son as being co-eternal with the Father.

There are many unanswered questions about the trinity doctrine and the most obvious is where in the Bible is it explained? Scholars throughout history have acknowledged that it is not found in the Bible. Many will respond that the trinity doctrine is found in 1 John 5:7. But the italicized part of this verse that says, "For there are three that bear record in heaven, *the Father, the Word, and the Holy Ghost: and these three are one,*" does not exist in the earliest manuscripts!

The Origin of the Trinity Doctrine

It was about a century after Tertullian when Arianism began causing so many disputes that Constantine convened the first ecumenical Council in Church history to settle them. Arius was an elder in the Alexandrian Church in the early fourth century that taught Christ truly is the begotten Son of God and why God is called His Father to state the obvious. A real Father and Son in other words. Opposing the teachings of Arius was Athanasius, a deacon also from Alexandria. His view was an early form of Trinitarianism where the Father, Son and Holy Spirit are said to be all the same one god but distinct from each other making it impossible for them to be a real Father and Son. His view was a further but worsening change to what Tertullian believed with the Holy Spirit not yet claimed to be a literal being. That came later. Mainstream history states Arius taught Christ was created, but the Church burnt what Arius believed and some historians claim they altered records and falsely rumoured that he taught Christ was created in order to discredit him. The Catholic Church is known for creating false historical records to their interpretation of events to hide the real truth at times. Consider the following for instance.

The view of Athanasius was highly influenced by Origen who was a Greek philosopher and theologian who reinterpreted Christian doctrine through the philosophy of Neoplatonism. His work was later condemned as unorthodox. Origen taught the doctrine of Purgatory, transubstantiation, transmigration and reincarnation of the soul, the Holy Spirit was a feminine force, Jesus was only a created being, there would be no physical resurrection, the creation account in Genesis is a fictitious story and is known to have publicly castrated himself based on Matthew 19. Arius on the other hand was a pupil of Lucian of Antioch. Lucian was responsible for the work that gave us what is known as the Textus Receptus which was completed by Erasmus, and is what gave us the trusted New Testament of the KJV Bible. These and other facts reveal that Athanasius was influenced by Greek philosophy and that Arius probably taught Biblical truth despite mainstream history.

Some believe Constantine was the first Christian Roman Emperor, but he was actually a sun worshiper who was baptized on his deathbed. During his reign he had his eldest son and his wife murdered. His belief at best was a blend of paganism and Christianity for political purposes, and so he neither cared nor really understood this dispute, but was just eager to bring the controversy to a close and keep unity in his empire. When the bishops gathered at Nicea on May 20, 325 AD to resolve the crisis, very few shared Athanasius's view of Christ as most held a position midway between Athanasius and Arius. The religious debates lasted two months before the Council rejected the minority view of Arius, but having no alternative, Constantine approved the view of Athanasius, which was also a minority view. And so the Church was left supporting a belief held by only a minority of those attending. The *Encyclopedia Britannica* states: "Constantine himself presided, actively guiding the discussions, and personally proposed ... the crucial formula expressing the relation of Christ to God in the creed issued by the council ... Overawed by the emperor, the bishops, with two exceptions only, signed the creed, many of them much against their inclination." — (1971 edition, Vol. 6, "Constantine," p. 386)

Horrific religious persecution followed the decision made by Constantine who was essentially a pagan Emperor who imposed an invented creed never preached by Jesus. Constantine exiled those who refused to accept the creed as well as the bishops who signed the creed but refused to join in condemnation of Arius. He also ordered all copies of the Thalia to be burned, which was the book in which Arius expressed his teachings. But several years later Constantine became lenient toward those he condemned and exiled at the council and allowed them

to return. In AD 335, they brought accusations against Athanasius and so now Constantine had Athanasius banished! This was not about Biblical truth. As a pagan sun worshipper, Constantine also enforced the first Sunday law just four years earlier and hence played a major role in bringing two pagan traditions into the Church. It was four hundred years after the cross when they formulated this creed that never existed beforehand, and so the Apostles and the early Church could never have taught it either. See Encyclopedia Britannica and historical quotes.

Many of the Bishops who formulated the doctrine of the Trinity were steeped in Greek and Platonic philosophy, which influenced their religious views. In fact the language they used in defining the trinity is taken directly from Platonic and Greek philosophy. The Platonic term *trias*, meaning three, was Latinized as *trinitas*, which gave us the English word trinity which is neither biblical nor Christian. As Bible scholars John McClintock and James Strong (wrote the famous Strong's Concordance) explain, "*Towards the end of the 1st century, and during the 2nd, many learned men came over both from Judaism and paganism to Christianity. These brought with them into the Christian schools of theology their Platonic ideas and phraseology." — (Cyclopaedia of Biblical, Theological, and Ecclesiastical Literature, 1891, Vol. 10, "Trinity," p. 553)*

So the Trinity was not derived from scripture, but was conceived in philosophy. Greek philosophers were greatly influenced by Plato (427-347 BC) who was considered the greatest of all Greek philosophers. Plato was ingrained with Trinitarian thought and knew that all the ancient religions had triad deities, and so he desired to come up with a better definition to define God above all the deities of Greek mythology. Plato's definition of God was, (1) The "first God," who was the Supreme Being in the universe; (2) the "second God," whom Plato described as the "soul of the universe"; and (3) the "third God," defined as the "spirit." The Jewish philosopher Philo of Alexandria (15 BC-AD 50) who followed Greek philosophy was influenced by Plato's version and saw God as, (1) Father, who created all things (Philo named him "the Demiurge"), (2) Mother, who was Knowledge the Maker possessed and (3) the Beloved Son was the world. Supposedly the union of demiurge and knowledge produced man's world. This esoteric type of thinking is what led to the birth and development of the trinity.

Notice how these quotes document a belief in a divine Trinity in many regions and religions of the ancient world and that the origin of the conception is entirely pagan. Egyptologist Arthur Weigall summed up the influence of ancient beliefs on the adoption of the trinity doctrine by the Catholic Church in this excerpt from his book *Paganism in Our Christianity*.

And so the Council of Nicea did not end the controversy and the bishops went on teaching as they had before, and the Arian crisis continued for another sixty years. Athanasius was exiled no fewer than five times and it was very difficult to make his creed stick. The ongoing disputes were violent and bloody at times. Noted historian Will Durant writes, "*Probably more Christians were slaughtered by Christians in these two years (342-3) than by all the persecutions of Christians by pagans in the history of Rome.*" — (*The Story of Civilization, Vol. 4: The Age of Faith,* 1950, p. 8). So Christians fought and slaughtered one another over their differing views of God.

So after Constantine's death in 337 AD, disputes continued. Constantine's son Constantius II favoured the Arians and set out to reverse the Nicene Creed. Constantius used his power to exile bishops adhering to the Nicene Creed and especially Athanasius who fled to Rome. The debates resulted in numerous councils. Among them the Council of Sardica in 343 AD, the Council of Sirmium in 358 AD and the double Council of Rimini and Seleucia in 359 AD, and no fewer than fourteen further creed formulas between 340 and 360 AD. After Constantius' death in 361 AD, his successor Julian, who was a devotee of Rome's pagan gods, declared that he would no longer favor one Church faction over another and allowed all exiled bishops to return, which resulted in further increasing dissension among Christians.

Disputes eventually became over the nature of the Holy Spirit. So 44 years after Constantine's death in May 381 AD, Emperor Theodosius, baptized only a year earlier, convened the Council of Constantinople to resolve them. Theodosius favoured the Nicene Creed and so after his arrival in Constantinople he expelled the bishop Demophilus, and surrendered the Churches there to Gregory of Nazianzus who was the leader of a small Nicene community there and one of three men that became known as "the three Cappadocians." These three men had an agenda at this council which was for the first time to push the idea of the Holy Spirit as a literal being. Gregory was recently appointed as archbishop of Constantinople, but due to illness, Nectarius, an elderly city senator had to take over the role of archbishop and presided over the council. And so Nectarius was baptized for the job and the Trinitarian view on the Holy Spirit was governed by someone with little or no knowledge of theology! What resulted became known as the Nicene-Constantinopolitan Creed where they now decided that the Holy Spirit was a literal being. Any who disagreed were in accordance with the edicts of the emperor and Church authorities branded heretics and dealt with accordingly. This final teaching on the nature of God is what became the trinity as it is generally understood today. It was not decided so much from Scripture but from Greek philosophy, much bloodshed and whoever held the most power. See <u>the pagan origins of the trinity doctrine</u> for detailed information.

So in short, when Babylon was conquered, most of the Babylonian Priests took their pagan teachings to Alexandria which resulted in the school of Alexandria. The Alexandrines incorporated Greek Pagan philosophical beliefs from Plato's teachings into Christianity (Neoplatonism), and interpreted much of the Bible allegorically.

Lucian rejected this system entirely and propounded a system of literal interpretation that dominated the Eastern Church for a long period. Thus Origen taught the allegorical method of explanation of Scripture that Athanasius and the three Cappadocians learned from, which was influenced by Plato and strong pagan theological speculations, which gave us the trinity doctrine.

"The <u>Alexandria catechetical school</u>, which revered Clement of Alexandria and <u>Origen</u>, the greatest theologian of the Greek Church, as its heads, <u>applied the allegorical method to the explanation of Scripture</u>. Its thought was <u>influenced by Plato</u>: its strong point was <u>[pagan]</u> theological speculations. <u>Athanasius</u> and the <u>three</u> <u>Cappadocians</u> [the men whose Trinitarian views were adopted by the Catholic Church at the Councils of Nicaea and Constantinople] had been <u>included among its members</u>." — (Hubert Jedin, Ecumenical Councils of the Catholic Church: an Historical Outline, 1960, p. 28)

What is the Trinity Doctrine?

The doctrine of the trinity as taught by most Churches states that there are three co-equal (equal in every respect), co-eternal (the same age), omniscient (all knowing), omnipotent (all powerful) gods, who are not three gods, but one god. By the words of the <u>Athanasian Creed</u> it is, "*the Father is God, the Son is God, and the Holy Spirit is God, and yet there are not three gods but one God.*" The Athanasian Creed (Roman Catholic Creed) says that the *one God* is three divine personalities in one indivisible substance or essence. It is the *one indivisible nature* part which is a problem because it is maintained that this constitutes the *one God* being 1+1+1=One! That is, the Father is God, Jesus is God, the Holy Spirit is God, and yet there are not three gods but one God, and that is the Trinity!

You do not have to be very smart to realise that this makes no sense at all. Therefore, those teaching this doctrine tag it with the word *mystery*, stating that you will never be able to understand it so just accept it. They may also say, just because it is Catholic it does not mean it is wrong. So in one way or another Satan has tricked people into believing this falsehood without checking it out for themselves. There is in fact not one Scripture in the Bible that literally states the Holy Spirit is God, not one! And you will later discover that there is also not one *valid* Scripture that says all three are one.

Some Churches differ on some points from orthodoxy, but regarding the basic premise being the *one God* is three gods in one, it is exactly the same as the Athanasian Creed. This is the creed upon which the Roman Catholic faith is built.

We also find that the word "Trinity" originated from Tertullian around 200 AD who did not even state the immanent trinity as known today, the 3 in 1 god came from Athanasius in 325 AD, and the idea of the Holy Spirit as a third being came from three Cappadocians in 381 AD. Hence the word "Trinity" and this doctrine cannot be found anywhere in the Scriptures. It was patched together by Catholic theologians hundreds of years *after* the death of the apostles and long *after* the completion of the Bible. Instead, Trinitarianism comes from the allegorical ideas of the Alexandrines and is a mixture of Greek and Roman philosophies that are loosely based on a handful of Bible verses snatched out of context or interpolated into the text.

Thus the Trinity is a manmade doctrine that borrows heavily from paganism and Greek philosophy and was developed long after the Scriptures were completed. Therefore, this doctrine could never have come from Scripture anyway and has to be taught alongside the Bible. And so if you had never heard of it, you would never come up with it yourself from just reading the Bible alone. As a result, you will also find that <u>eisegesis</u> has to be used to convince others of this doctrine.

It was after God confused the languages at Babel that the sun began to be worshipped in three stages as three gods. That is, the rising sun was god, the midday sun was god, the setting sun was god, and yet there were not three gods but one god! In other words, 1+1+1=One! This is the absolute origin of the three in one trinity doctrine. Knowing who we worship is the key to eternal life, so if God was truly a trinity, you can be sure there would be unmistakable Scriptures saying so, but there is none.

Thus the Doctrine of the Trinity, or Tritheism is a heresy that proceeds from Romanism and tantamount to Sunday Worship. An Abomination before God. It is a doctrine that emanates straight from the dunghill of Roman decretals. It is philosophy, vain deceit and man's tradition. It denies Jesus, preaches another Jesus, another spirit and another Gospel.

Colossians 2:8-10

"Beware lest any man spoil you through philosophy and vain deceit, after the tradition of men, after the rudiments of the world, and not after Christ. For in him dwelleth all the fullness of the Godhead bodily. And you are complete in him, which is the head of all principality and power:"

2 Corinthians 11:3-4, 13-14

"But I fear, lest by any means, as the serpent beguiled Eve through his subtlety, so your minds should be corrupted from the simplicity that is in Christ. 4 For if he that cometh preacheth another Jesus, whom we have not preached, or if you receive another spirit, which you have not received, or another gospel, which you have not accepted, you might well bear with him. 13 For such are false apostles, deceitful workers, transforming themselves into the apostles of Christ. 14 And no marvel; for Satan himself is transformed into an angel of light."

2 Peter 2:1-2

"But there were false prophets also among the people, even as there shall be false teachers among you, who privily shall bring in damnable heresies, even denying the Lord that bought them, and bring upon themselves swift destruction. And many shall follow their pernicious ways; by reason of whom the way of truth shall be evil spoken of."

What does the Bible teach?

There is no *mystery* with the Biblical view of the Godhead which reveals there is but one true God the Father who is a literal Father, one Lord Jesus Christ being His literal Son, and one Holy Spirit being the presence and power of God and not a separate being with a separate consciousness. As one Christian author wrote. For God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten Son, <u>not a son by creation</u> as were the angels, nor a son by adoption as is the forgiven sinner, <u>but a Son begotten in the express image of the Father's person</u> that is <u>equal in authority and divine perfection</u>.

Thus we have "God the Father," (who is Christ's father) the "Son of God," (who is God's Son) and the "Spirit of God," which is His Spirit just as Scripture keeps telling us over and over again. The Bible does not say "god the son" or "god the spirit."

Below Paul lists seven distinct things showing that they are all separate and that **one** is not the other. Hence the Father, Son and Holy Spirit are three separate and distinct entities of which one is not and cannot be the other. Parentheses are added.

"There is one body, and <u>one Spirit</u> [Holy Spirit], even as you are called in one hope of your calling; <u>One Lord</u> [Jesus Christ], one faith, one baptism, <u>One God and Father of all</u>, who is above all, and through all, and in you all." Ephesians 4:4-6

Implications of the Trinity

Ever since the death of Jesus, our adversary has tried to pervert what Christ accomplished in His incarnation (meaning in our Saviour's life and death). And since Satan can do nothing about what Christ actually did achieve, he does the next best thing which is to promote the belief that the divine Son of God did not actually die at Calvary. I have heard Pastors preach that God sent Himself to die on the cross since the trinity teaches all three are the one god. But this leads to another problem because God cannot die. So it is claimed that Jesus had two natures, a divine nature and a human nature and only the human nature died. But to say that the divine Son of God could not die is as far from the teachings of the Bible as darkness is from light. So we would ask the Trinitarian to which of the two natures are we indebted to for redemption? The answer is the divine one who died and shed His blood for us. It should be obvious that if only the human nature died, our Redeemer was only human and the divine Son of God took no part in the work of redemption for He could neither suffer nor die. Satan also aims to pervert how much it cost God in sacrificing His Son. The Father supposedly never risked anything by giving up His Son, for they claim that Christ could not have possibly sinned. Therefore nothing was at stake. If only human nature suffered and died as the trinity doctrine teaches, then the divine Christ remained unscathed. And since God cannot die, Christ would never have been able to die under any circumstance. Yet Jesus said, "*I am He that liveth, and was dead.*" Revelation 1:18

Almost all Christians state that, "Jesus is the Son of God," but there are different meanings attached to these words. The sad reality is that most professed Christians do not believe Jesus to be the Son of God if they subscribe to their denominational statements of belief. Jehovah's Witnesses say that Jesus is the Son of God, but when asked to explain, say that Jesus was the first angel that God created and was no different from Lucifer or the other angels. Roman Catholics say that Jesus is the Son of God, but when they are asked to explain say there is God the Father, God the Son, and God the Holy Spirit, and yet there are not three gods but one God. Others claim Jesus is a co-eternal companion of God whom God declared to be His Son, even though He is not really His Son, while Unitarians claim Jesus did not exist before His incarnation. And yet others will tell you that Jesus became the Son of God when He was born in Bethlehem and was not the Son of God in any other sense. Every one of these explanations has the exact same serious problem which is not by chance. They all deny that Jesus is the literal Son of God in some way which is exactly what Satan wants.

The trinity doctrine says there are:

3 beings who are co-eternal3 beings who are all immortal3 beings who are all powerful, all knowing etc.3 beings who are worthy of worship and praise3 beings each acting a different role

So if all three members of the Godhead are co-eternal, then there was "never" a time that they did not exist, and they all must be the same infinite age. If this is true, then the titles which they possess merely reflect the roles taken to act out the plan of redemption. They cannot then be taken in a literal sense. For example, the Son of God then is not really God's Son, He is the member of the Godhead playing the role of the Son. Yet Scripture teaches us over and over again that God gave His Son, but the trinity doctrine tells us that Jesus was not really God's Son, He was the member of the Godhead playing the role of the Son. The Trinitarian typically claims that Jesus was referred to as God's Son because of His birth in Bethlehem. But the Bible states that Jesus was brought forth before all things were created. So if Jesus has "always" existed then it is impossible for Him to be the Son of God. And if Christ is not a literal Son, then God cannot be a literal Father either. And so the trinity doctrine destroys the personality of God, and of His Son Jesus Christ our Lord.

And since this doctrine denies the Father and Son, which it also does by teaching the Father, Son and the Holy Spirit are the same one God, then this is a denial of both the Father and the Son in more ways than one which <u>1</u> <u>John 2:22-23</u> states is antichrist. Notice that John says nothing about denying the Holy Spirit. Thus more than 100 verses that state Jesus is the Son of God apparently do not really mean what they say at all. Do you know of any other doctrine that has to explain away so many clear Scriptures? If you accept the Trinity doctrine, then Jesus cannot be the Son of God. And if you do not accept Jesus as being the Son of God, then you cannot have eternal life! With these facts in mind, consider the following Scriptures very carefully and ask yourself does this affect your eternal life by denying who the Father and Son truly are. And considering the trinity doctrine is from Satan, it is not hard to see what his plan is if your eyes are wide open.

"Who is a liar but he that denieth that Jesus is the Christ? <u>He is antichrist, that denieth the Father and the Son</u>. Whosoever <u>denieth the Son, the same hath not the Father</u>: but he that acknowledgeth the Son hath the Father also." 1 John 2:22-23

"And this is life eternal, that they might know you the only true God, and Jesus Christ, whom you have sent." John 17:3

"<u>He that believeth on the Son has everlasting life</u>: and <u>he that believeth not the Son shall not see life</u>; but the wrath of God abideth on him." John 3:36

"But these are written, that you might believe that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of God; and that believing you might have life through his name." John 20:31

So most important of all is this doctrine can be a salvation issue which I would have never imagined until I studied this topic in depth and realized all the implications. And what about the Holy Spirit. If the trinity doctrine is wrong, then the Holy Spirit is really a creation of Satan rather than the Spirit of the Father and Son. And if this third being is a creation of Satan, who would we be giving our adoration to? Whose Spirit would we have? As the above verses state, knowing exactly who the Father and Son are is the key to eternal life. But understanding the identity of the

Holy Spirit is also something you cannot afford to get wrong.

One might ask why the Bible never tells us to "pray to" or "worship" the Holy Spirit if it is a third co-equal being as the trinity doctrine claims. We are told to pray "for" the Spirit, but *never* "to" the Spirit. Yet as the trinity doctrine takes a stronger hold on the Church, some are beginning to do just that contrary to the teachings of Scripture. And if you think that Satan is not leading Christians to pray to the Holy Spirit, then watch this 35 second <u>YouTube video</u> clip. Close the window to return to this page. Notice that he says "god the spirit" which is a Catholic Trinitarian phrase and hence is never found in the Bible which uses the phrase "Spirit of God" which has a totally different meaning.

Who would be the four highest beings in Heaven before the fall of man (before sin) if the Holy Spirit was a third co-equal being as per the Trinity doctrine? It would be the Father, Son, Holy Spirit and Lucifer. Who is it that wants to be like the most High and be worshipped and prayed to as God? (<u>Isaiah 14:12-14</u>) What if the Holy Spirit was not a third literal being. Who would then be the third highest being? Lucifer! So if the Holy Spirit is not a third literal being, a separate God, then who would be answering our prayers if we prayed to the "Spirit"? Who would be setting himself up as a third "God" worthy of praise and worship? Has Satan succeeded in accomplishing his goal of being included as a deity? If we now believe the Holy Spirit can be worshipped and prayed to just like the Father and the Son, who actually receives our worship? If the Holy Spirit is not a third being then whose spirit would we have according to our belief and who would we be giving our adoration to?

For Adventists: Before sin — "Among the inhabitants of heaven, <u>Satan, next to Christ</u>, was at one time most honored of God, and <u>highest in power and glory</u>." — (E.G. White, *ST*, July 23, 1902). The Spirit of Prophecy confirms that Satan did use to be the third highest being in Heaven. Not a third being called the Holy Spirit as the Trinity doctrine claims.

Since the trinity doctrine claims Jesus is also the one God, an Adventist author from the 1800's wrote, "*To* believe that doctrine, when reading the scripture we must believe that God sent Himself into the world, died to reconcile the world to Himself, raised Himself from the dead, ascended to Himself in heaven, pleads before Himself in heaven to reconcile the world to Himself, and is the only mediator between man and Himself... We must believe also that in the garden God prayed to Himself, if it were possible, to let the cup pass from Himself, and a thousand other such absurdities." — (J.N. Loughborough)

Some of those other absurdities it teaches is that Jesus is the immortal God but died, is the invisible God but was seen, is the omnipotent God but was strengthened by an angel, is the omniscient God but did not know the day of his return, is as great as His Father but His Father is greater than He, is equal with the Father and yet He is the Father, is the Son but the same age as the Father, is the Son who has a Father and the God who has no Father, is the begotten Son and the unbegotten God, is very God and very man, came out from Himself, prayed to Himself, gave power to Himself, thanked Himself, bore witness of Himself, went back to Himself, sits at the right hand of Himself, is His own Father and His own Son, left Heaven and yet was there all the time. There are many things which are hard to understand in the Bible, but you can be sure that God never expects us to believe impossibilities.

Over and over again you hear it said that the Gospel is so simple a child can understand it. And I agree. But how can that be the case with the teaching of the trinity? Not only do children not understand it, but our best theologians cannot even explain it. However, the thought that God sent His Son to this earth to die for you and me is easy to comprehend when we believe the simple Bible statement that Jesus is truly the Son of God! Not one of three mysterious beings making up "one God." How can you possibly believe that Jesus is NOT the begotten Son of the eternal Father and then share John 3:16 with others in the hope of inviting them to take part in eternal salvation. Doesn't John 3:16 become a lie the moment you deny He is a Son? A metaphor did not send a metaphor to save us. A Father sent us His Son to save us.

John 3:16 "For God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in him should not perish, but have everlasting life."

2 John 1:3 "Grace be with you, mercy, and peace, from God the Father, and from the Lord Jesus Christ, the Son of the Father, in truth and love."

What is Satan's Counterfeit for the Godhead?

Satan is the great deceiver and his greatest tool is deception. So Satan has counterfeited all things of God to take people away from the truth and lead them into false worship thinking it is from God when it is from Satan. For example. God has true prophets while Satan has false prophets. (<u>2 Peter 2:1</u>, <u>Matthew 24:24</u>, <u>2 Corinthians 11:13-15</u>) God has true teachers while Satan has false teachers. Jesus is the light of the world and Satan appears as an angel of light. God has true apostles and Satan has false apostles. God gives the true gift of <u>speaking in tongues</u> which is known languages while Satan has false tongues that you do not understand and false interpretations that you have no way of verifying. God has a special day of rest and worship which is a sign that it is God we worship, and Satan instituted a counterfeit day that came from sun and Satan worship. And of course there is the Father, Son and the Holy Spirit. But what is Satan's counterfeit? The next page of this site reveals that the trinity doctrine also came from sun and Satan worship and the number 666!

So which is the counterfeit? The view which acknowledges there is a real Father and Son just as the Bible literally tells us over a hundred times, or the three in one God they call a mystery which says they are not a real Father and Son and are just role playing which the Bible never even hints of. How many stop to think that Satan would create a doctrine that would destroy the personality of the Father and Son? And would that doctrine make sense or be nonsense coming from our adversary? God is not the author of confusion and mystery doctrines, Satan is. And not forgetting the implications of the Holy Spirit. If you get this wrong, you could inadvertently give your adoration to Satan, or even worse, your worship to Satan! This is the worst counterfeit of all that affects the true worship of God and His Son.

Is the Trinity doctrine Antichrist?

The four verses below are the only Scriptures in the entire Bible which use the word antichrist. Note that those who John called antichrist were part of his Church but apostatized and went out on their own (see green highlighted text) and hence were in the world in his lifetime (see blue highlighted text). Thus these people John

called antichrist used to be with him as professed Christians but began teaching something that was wrong. So what error did they teach that caused John to call them antichrist? (see <u>yellow highlighted</u> text) The trinity doctrine claims it was the one God playing the role of the Son who died on the cross and hence denies the literal Son of God *came in the flesh* and died on the cross. Denying Jesus is the Son of God also means God cannot be a Father and so it denies both the Father and Son. Note carefully 1 John 2:22-23.

1 John 2:18-19

"it is the last time: and as you have heard that antichrist shall come, even now are there many antichrists; whereby we know that it is the last time. 19 They went out from us, but they were not of us; for if they had been of us, they would no doubt have continued with us: but they went out, that they might be made manifest that they were not all of us."

1 John 2:22-23

"Who is a liar but he that denieth that Jesus is the Christ? <mark>He is antichrist, that denieth the Father and the Son</mark>. 23 Whosoever denieth the Son, the same has not the Father: (but) he that acknowledgeth the Son has the Father also."

1 John 4:3

"And every spirit that <mark>confesseth not that Jesus Christ is come in the flesh is not of God</mark>: and <mark>this is that spirit of antichrist</mark>, whereof you have heard that it should come; <mark>and even now already is it in the world</mark>."

2 John 1:7

"For many deceivers are entered into the world, who confess not that Jesus Christ is come in the flesh. This is a deceiver and an antichrist."

At the Protestant Reformation the Papacy was first identified as the first beast of Revelation 13 and is synonymous with what John called antichrist. The Catholic Church responded with the Counter Reformation where they commissioned two Jesuits to manufacture false doctrine to take the focus off them being identified as antichrist. (See <u>who is the antichrist</u> and <u>Futurism Bible Prophecy</u> for detailed information) This is where the false idea of a one man antichrist originated which Scripture never teaches. Considering what John wrote on antichrist, it becomes obvious that the way the Papacy denies the Father and Son is by their creation of the doctrine of the trinity which has corrupted almost all of Christendom.

Many believe their faith is well grounded in the doctrine of the trinity, yet this teaching is the foundational teaching of antichrist which makes it impossible to build on the true rock—Christ the Son of the living God. The Handbook for Today's Catholic, page 11 says, "*The mystery of the trinity is the central doctrine of the Catholic faith.*" The antichrist power has built on the premise that Jesus is not the literal Son of God, thus denying the Father and Son relationship. God's true Church will build on the foundation that Peter declared in <u>Matthew 16:13-18</u>: "*Thou art the Christ, the Son of the living God … and upon this rock I will build my Church.*" To believe the trinity teaching is actually to be walking in the footsteps of the antichrist power.

And since the Trinity doctrine teaches 3 co-equal beings, then why did John fail to include denying the Holy Spirit if it were really a third co-equal being? The answer is simple. Because the Holy Spirit is not a third being but a third entity being their Holy Spirit. As John also said, *"truly our fellowship is with the Father, and with his Son Jesus Christ."* 1 John 1:3

For Adventists: What teaching is antichrist? *"Who is a liar but he that denieth that Jesus is the Christ?* He is antichrist, that denieth the Father and the Son. . . . He who denies the personality of God and of his Son Jesus Christ, is denying God and Christ." — (E.G. White, RH, March 8, 1906, p. 9)

And what doctrine *denies the personality of God and His Son* which is *denying God and Christ?* Her husband explains, "Here we might mention the Trinity, which does away [with] the personality of God, and of his Son Jesus Christ," — (James White, RH, Dec 11, 1855, p. 85)

Only two beings *alone* as John taught, "*The Father and the Son* <u>*alone*</u> *are to be exalted.*" — (E.G. White, *YI*, July 7, 1898)

Why is the Trinity a Salvation Issue?

Those who have not studied the doctrine of the trinity never see it as a salvation issue because they do not understand exactly what it entails and the many implications. And so most typically have no idea that this is actually the biggest and worst deception of all that is also related to the <u>mark of the beast</u> and the <u>Sabbath day</u>.

Remember that the trinity doctrine teaches a 3 in 1 and 1 in 3 god. That is, 3 gods that are co-equal, co-eternal that are not 3 gods but 1 god. 1+1+1=One. Three gods that have supposedly always existed and hence have no

beginning. So how can Jesus be a literal Son if He has always existed alongside the Father? And how can the Father be a Father if Jesus is not really His Son? Hence the trinity doctrine and other similar beliefs like Unitarians deny that Jesus is the literal Son of God in one way or another.

If you do not confess Jesus is the Son of God then you are separated from God. "Whosoever shall <u>confess that</u> <u>Jesus is the Son of God</u>, God dwelleth in him, and he in God." 1 John 4:15. And again, "Who is he that overcometh the world, but he that <u>believeth that Jesus is the Son of God</u>?" 1 John 5:5

And if you deny Jesus is the Son of God and that God gave His literal Son then you make God a liar and you do not have eternal life. "He that believeth on the Son of God has the witness in himself: he that believeth not God has made him a liar; because he believeth not the record that God gave of his Son. And this is the record, that God has given to us eternal life, and this life is in his Son. He that has the Son has life; and he that has not the Son of God has not life." 1 John 5:10-12

"But these are written, <mark>that you might believe</mark> <u>that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of God;</u> and that believing <u>you</u> <u>might have life through his name</u>." John 20:31

And so Scripture tells us that it is only by acknowledging that Jesus is the Son of God that we can be saved and have access to the Father. And if you deny Jesus is the literal Son of God, then it is also impossible for God to be a literal Father. So it denies both the Father and the Son which is what John called antichrist as it opposes Christ being the true and literal Son of God. It denies that it was the literal Son of God that came in the flesh and died on the cross.

The Bible reveals over and over again that they are a real Father and Son. But the trinity doctrine says no. Some today including Adventist Pastors when asked is Jesus the Son of God reply, No! They say He is just the one God playing the role of the Son. Yet nowhere is there even so much as a hint in Scripture that they are just role playing or are not really a Father and Son. God brought forth a Son whom He loves very much and Satan is working very hard to hide this fact.

And if the Trinity doctrine is wrong, then the Holy Spirit is really a creation of Satan rather than the Spirit of the Father and Son. Does it matter if we give our adoration to a creation of Satan rather than the Spirit of the Father and Son? The answer is obvious. Scripture says Satan wants to be worshipped like the most high God. Has he succeeded in accomplishing his goal of being included as a deity? More and more today are praying and worshipping the Holy Spirit which the Bible never tells us to do. If the Holy Spirit is not a third being then whose spirit would we have according to our belief and who would we be giving our adoration to? And if we believe the Holy Spirit can be worshipped and prayed to just like the Father and the Son, who receives our worship? It goes to Satan! Do you think the Father and Son will mind? I would hope it requires no explanation.

Revelation 13:17 states, "And that no man might buy or sell, save he that had the mark, or the name of the beast, or the number of his name."

Did you notice that it is three things? It is not just the mark of the beast, but also the name and the number of his name which is 666. The <u>pagan origins of the trinity</u> reveals that 666 comes from the trinity doctrine and sun and Satan worship!

The question was asked in the Catholic Catechism, "What is <u>Sunday</u>..." The answer was that Sunday "is a day dedicated by the Apostles to the <u>honor of the most holy Trinity</u>." — (RH, vol. 5, no. 24, p. 86)

An interesting statement considering "Sunday worship" and the "Trinity doctrine" both came from sun and Satan worship in Babylon, and they were both brought into Christendom by the Catholic Church whom God calls Babylon! They are also both about who we worship which Revelation 13 and 14 reveals is exactly what the mark of the beast issue is all about. So do we worship the one true God on His Holy day or the pagan Catholic 3 in 1 god? And what about the Seal of God. Which God do we need to be sealed by? The one true God the Father or the pagan Catholic 3 in 1 god. This would certainly explain why Revelation reveals so many will still be deceived and perish in the end.

For Adventists: Considering "Sunday worship" and the "Trinity doctrine" were both brought into Christendom by the beast (Papacy), then consider the following. "*The third angel's message has been sent forth to the world, warning men against receiving the mark of the beast or of his image in their foreheads or in their hands.* <u>To receive this mark means to come to the same decision as the beast has done, and to advocate the same ideas, in direct opposition to the worl of God</u>." — (E.G. White, *RH*, July 13, 1897)

E.G. White says there is still more to be revealed. "The light that we have upon the third angel's message is the true light. The mark of the beast is exactly what it has been proclaimed to be. <u>Not all in regard to this matter is</u> <u>yet understood nor will it be understood until the unrolling of the scroll,</u>" — (E.G. White, 6T 17.1, 1900)

Christ was the Son of God before coming to earth. "<u>Christ was the only begotten Son of God</u>, and Lucifer, that glorious angel, got up a warfare over the matter, until he had to be thrust down to the earth." — (E.G. White, *Ms*86, Aug 21, 1910)

Satan hates the Son of God and wants us to deny Him and not just for his own gratification. Once you fully understand this topic you will have no trouble seeing that the trinity doctrine is the work of Satan through the Catholic Church for the purpose of stealing your salvation. Is it any wonder Satan has so many workers trying to keep Christians trapped in this satanic doctrine. It is not only the worst possible deception, but is also his greatest end time deception related to the mark of the beast. The following is primarily for Adventists but is also suitable for others with the truth on the Sabbath.

Why do most churches believe in the Trinity doctrine?

It is the same reason that most Churches worship on Sunday instead of the Seventh day Sabbath. Hundreds of denominations now know that the Catholic Church changed the Sabbath to Sunday just before the dark ages, which was a 1260 year period where the Papal Church ruled as Church and State and persecuted Christians they called heretics. This included Sabbath keepers who would rather obey God than man. With the arrival of the printing press in the 15th century and the resulting explosion of Bibles it became very apparent that the Catholic Church was a power identified in Scripture.

"John Wycliffe, William Tyndale (translated the Bible - Tyndale Bible), Martin Luther, John Calvin, Thomas Cranmer; in the seventeenth century, Bunyan, the translators of the King James Bible and the men who published the Westminster and Baptist confessions of Faith; Sir Isaac Newton, John Wesley, Whitfield, Jonathan Edwards; and more recently Spurgeon, Bishop J.C. Ryle and Dr. Martin Lloyd-Jones; these men among countless others, all saw the office of the Papacy as the antichrist." — (Michael de Semlyen, All Roads Lead to Rome, Dorchestor House Publications, p. 205, 1991)

This knowledge resulted in the Protestant Reformation as many realized the Catholic Church was the antichrist power. The true Sabbath was almost totally persecuted out of existence by this time and so all the new Churches that resulted from the Protestant Reformation continued keeping Sunday in ignorance and why it has such a stronghold today.

But it was not just Sunday keeping that came out of the Protestant Reformation but also the Trinity doctrine. Constantine played a role in both in fact. He instituted the first <u>Sunday law</u> in 321 AD and the Trinity in 325 AD in the council of Nicea. Just four years apart and both from the same sun worshipping Emperor and both originated from sun worship. And hence both the Trinity doctrine and <u>Sunday worship</u> originated from sun and Satan worship in Babylon and were brought into Christendom by the Catholic Church whom God calls Babylon.

Sun-day is Satan's counterfeit for the true Sabbath and the Trinity doctrine is Satan's counterfeit for the Godhead. "As fundamental errors, we might class with this <u>counterfeit sabbath</u> other errors which Protestants <u>have brought away from the</u> <u>Catholic church</u>, such as sprinkling for baptism, the trinity," — (J.S. White, RH, September 12, 1854, p. 36)

We find this question in the Catholic Catechism, "What is Sunday..." There answer is that <u>Sunday</u> "is a day dedicated by the Apostles to the <u>honor of the most holy Trinity</u>." — (RH, vol. 5, no. 24, p. 86)

Thus both these doctrines are closely related with the exact same origin. So when the Protestant Reformation began, all the new Protestant Churches continued with Sunday worship and the Trinity doctrine in ignorance, and very few have questioned either. As a result, most Churches now keep Sunday and believe in the Trinity doctrine, and anyone who tries to share either of these truths is looked upon as a heretic rather than a person who has studied and found the truth.

The Adventist Church was the first mainstream Church to have the truth on both the Sabbath and the Trinity doctrine. But after all the early pioneers had died, a suspected Jesuit infiltrated the Church and slowly brought the Trinity doctrine in by searching for quotes from a so called prophet called Ellen White which could be easily misinterpreted unless you looked at what else she wrote. As a result, Adventists today think she became a Trinitarian because of her use of the phrases third person, heavenly trio and calling the Holy Spirit a person. But she was in fact referring to the Holy Spirit of Christ and not a third being. There is a growing count of over 550 <u>Sabbath keeping denominations</u> now but most are still trapped in Trinitarianism. Note the following two quotes from the Catholic Church who state that neither is based on the Bible.

"Most Christians assume that Sunday is the biblically approved day of worship. The Catholic Church protests that it transferred Christian worship from the biblical Sabbath (Saturday) to Sunday, and that to try to argue that the change was made in the Bible is both dishonest and a denial of Catholic authority. If Protestantism wants to base its teachings only on the Bible, it should worship on Saturday." — (Rome's Challenge, immaculateheart.com/maryonline, Dec 2003)

"Our opponents sometimes claim that no belief should be held dogmatically which is not explicitly stated in scripture ... <u>But the Protestant Churches have themselves accepted such dogmas.</u> as the Trinity, for which there is no such precise authority in the Gospels," — (Assumption of Mary, Life magazine, Oct 30, 1950, p. 51)

Did the Apostles believe in the Trinity?

By now the answer to this question should be obvious but let's answer it anyway. The word "Trinity" originated from Tertullian who was a pagan turned Catholic theologian around 200 AD. This word can have no relationship with Scripture as it comes from the Platonic term "trias" which is philosophical in origin, and the Bible does not teach Greek philosophy. It is significant to note that Tertullian did not teach the Holy Spirit as a third being and he never taught the 3 in 1 god as the Trinity doctrine does today. So we know this doctrine developed in stages and could not have existed before 200 AD.

It was about 225 years "after" the death of the Apostles that the Nicene Council (325 AD) under the pressure of Emperor Constantine ruled in favour of Athanasius. The proponents were Arius who believed the Father and Son were two distinct beings, and Athanasius who argued a 3 in 1 god. Most Arians dared not challenge Constantine by refusing to sign the creed but Arius did and was exiled. However, Constantine later changed his mind in favour of Arius and allowed him to return. But Arius was killed on the way which Scholars suspect Athanasius arranged. In any case, it was now Athanasius who was exiled. The chosen view changed back and forth for decades with the governing view being based on who was in power at the time and their preference.

It was about 280 years *"after"* the death of the Apostles in 381 AD when the Holy Spirit was officially declared as a third being. The Trinity doctrine was now fully established as we know it today. The noted Trinitarian historian Adolph Harnack observed that up to 325 AD the majority of Christians insisted the Holy Spirit was not a third being. So neither the Apostles nor their associates who survived them, nor their descendants (the so called early Church Fathers) believed in the trinity.

So the Trinity doctrine is a manmade doctrine from the Catholic Church which was formed in two parts. The first part was made up in 325 AD which states it is a 3 in 1 god. The second and final part was made up in 381 AD. This final part states that the Holy Spirit is a third being. Many people reject the 3 in 1 god part of this manmade doctrine but still accept the Holy Spirit part and yet both parts were made up by the Papacy. If you are going to be silly enough to believe in their manmade doctrine, then you either accept both parts or reject both parts. How can you be half Trinitarian and half non-Trinitarian?

The battle over the different views went on for decades according to the politics of the Empire with more than a dozen councils held to try and solve the disputes. Whenever the Arians were dominant, they persecuted the Trinitarians, and when the Trinitarians were dominant, they persecuted the Arians. Blood literally flowed in the streets. By the 8th century, Arianism was almost eradicated. The Trinitarians proved to be more efficient in killing the Arians than the Arians in killing them. Had the Arians been more successful in killing, then the Trinity doctrine would probably not exist today. The final outcome was not the result of rational debate and pious scholarship, but power, politics and the shedding of blood.

So did the Apostles believe in the Trinity? How could they have. It is impossible for the Apostles to have believed or written about this manmade doctrine that did not exist for more than three lifetimes *"after"* their death. So if you think that Scripture shows a 3 in 1 god and the Holy Spirit to be another being, think again. It is just a wrong idea you have been indoctrinated with as the Apostles could never have written about something that did not even exist in their time. You will soon see the real truth on the Holy Spirit and the deceptions exposed. The truth is much better than the lie.

How Many Beings in the Godhead?

There can be no doubt that there are three entities in the Godhead, but since Scripture reveals the Holy Spirit is the Spirit of the Father and Son, how many literal beings are there? Remember that the trinity doctrine teaches three "co-equal" beings that are supposedly three gods that are one god which does not make sense I know, but nothing from Satan does. In the following verse we find every possible *being* is mentioned to clarify that only the Father knows the day and the hour. If the Holy Spirit was a third being it would have also been mentioned which would be more relevant than the angels! "But of that day and that hour knows no man, no, not the angels which are in heaven, neither the Son, but the Father." Mark 13:32

How many beings is our fellowship with? "*truly our fellowship is <u>with the Father</u>, and <u>with his Son Jesus</u> <u>Christ</u>." 1 John 1:3 — Answer:2*

How many beings does one deny to be called antichrist? Why is the Holy Spirit excluded? "<u>He is antichrist</u>, that denieth <u>the Father</u> and <u>the Son</u>. Whosoever denieth the Son, the same hath not the Father: but he that acknowledgeth the Son hath the Father also." 1 John 2:22-23 — **Answer:2**

How many beings were being denied by ungodly men and is this consistent with what John said above? "For there are certain men crept in unawares, who were before of old ordained to this condemnation, ungodly men, turning the grace of our God into lasciviousness, and denying the only Lord God, and our Lord Jesus Christ." Jude 1:4 — Answer:2

How many beings does John say we need to know to have eternal life? "And <u>this is life eternal</u>, that they might know you <u>the only true God</u>, and <u>Jesus Christ, whom you have sent</u>." John 17:3 — **Answer:2**

How many beings can see the Father including Himself? "Not that anyone has seen the Father, <u>except</u> He [Jesus] who is from God; He has seen the Father." John 6:46 — **Answer:2**

How many beings can reveal the Father and Son? "<u>No one</u> knows who the Son is <u>except the Father</u>, and <u>no</u> <u>one</u> knows who the Father is <u>except the Son</u> and those to whom the Son chooses to reveal him." Luke 10:22 — **Answer:2**

How many beings can be hated? "<u>He that hateth me hateth my Father also</u>. If I had not done among them the works which none other man did, they had not had sin: but now have they both seen and <u>hated both me and my</u> <u>Father</u>." John 15:23-24 — **Answer:2**

How many beings are involved in our mediation? The trinity doctrine makes the Holy Spirit a mediator but Scripture says no! "For <u>there is one God</u>, and <u>one mediator</u> between God and men, the man Christ Jesus." 1 Timothy 2:5 — **Answer:2**

How many beings are on and by the throne all throughout Revelation? "And cried with a loud voice, saying, Salvation to our <u>God which sitteth upon the throne</u>, and <u>unto the Lamb</u>." Revelation 7:10 — **Answer:2**

How many beings are in Heaven? "Behold, I see the heavens opened, and the <u>Son of man</u> standing on the right hand of <u>God</u>." Acts 7:56 — **Answer:2**

How many beings are we heirs with? "And if children, then heirs; <u>heirs of God</u>, and joint-heirs with Christ; if so be that we suffer with him, that we may be also glorified together." Romans 8:17 — **Answer:2**

How many divine beings bear witness of Christ? "*I am one that bear witness of myself,* and the Father that sent me beareth witness of me." John 8:18 — **Answer:2**

How many divine beings do we believe in? "Let not your heart be troubled: you <u>believe in God</u>, <u>believe also in</u> <u>me</u>." John 14:1— **Answer:2**

How many beings are involved in creation? "And to make all men see what is the fellowship of the mystery, which from the beginning of the world has been hid in <u>God</u>, who created all things by <u>Jesus Christ</u>." Ephesians 3:9 — **Answer:2**

How many divine beings are in the kingdom of heaven? "For this you know, that no whoremonger, nor unclean person, nor covetous man, who is an idolater, has any inheritance in the kingdom of Christ and of <u>God</u>." Ephesians 5:5 — **Answer:2**

How many beings do we honour? "That all men should <u>honour the Son</u>, even as they <u>honour the Father</u>. He that honoureth not the Son honoureth not the Father which has sent him." John 5:23 — **Answer:2**

How many beings do we serve? "James, <u>a servant of God</u> and of <u>the Lord Jesus Christ</u>, to the twelve tribes which are scattered abroad, greeting." James 1:1 — **Answer:2**

How many beings does Paul send greetings from in every letter he wrote? Peter has done the same. "*Grace to you and peace <u>from God our Father</u>, and <u>the Lord Jesus Christ</u>." Romans 1:7, 1 Corinthians 1:3, 2 Corinthians 1:2, Galatians 1:3, Ephesians 1:2, Philippians 1:2, Colossians 1:2, 1 Thessalonians 1:1, 2 Thessalonians 1:2, 1 Timothy 1:2, 2 Timothy 1:2, Titus 1:4, Philemon 1:3, 2 Peter 1:2 — Answer:2*

And finally, how many beings are in the Godhead? "But to us there is but <u>one God, the Father</u>, of whom are all things, and we in him; and <u>one Lord Jesus Christ</u>, by whom are all things, and we by him." 1 Corinthians 8:6 — **Answer:2**

The following two verses are used by Trinitarians to try and prove that the Father, Son and Holy Spirit are one God. But how many beings are described in both verses? Two! According to the trinity teaching, the first verse should have said, "*he who has seen me has seen the Father and the Holy Spirit.*" And the second should have said, "*I and my Father and the Holy Spirit are one.*" But no, there are always only two beings revealed all throughout Scripture.

How many beings? "Jesus saith unto him, Have I been so long time with you, and yet have you not known me, *Philip? <u>he that has seen me has seen the Father</u>; and how sayest you then, Show us the Father?" John 14:9 — Answer:2*

How many beings? "I and my Father are one." John 10:30 - Answer:2

For Adventists: How many beings are to be exalted? "*The Father and the Son alone are to be exalted*." — (E.G. White, *YI*, July 7, 1898) — **Answer:2**

How many beings know what the souls of men have cost? "<u>God and Christ alone</u> know what the souls of men have cost." — (E.G. White, *ST*, Jan 13, 1909) — **Answer:2**

How many beings in the Counsels of God? "<u>Christ the Word, the Only Begotten of God</u>, was one with the eternal Father,—one in nature, in character, and in purpose,—<u>the only being in all the universe</u> that could enter into <u>all the counsels and purposes of God</u>." — (E.G. White, GC, 493.1) — **Answer:2**

How many beings involved in the work of creation? "*The Father and the Son rested after Their work of Creation.*" — (E.G. White, MS 25, p. 3, 1898) — **Answer:2**

The answer is two every time and yet according to the trinity doctrine it should have been three "co-equal beings" and yet the Holy Spirit is excluded every time. And if the Holy Spirit was a god, then it would have been called "god the spirit," not the "Spirit of God." Scripture speaks only of honoring and worshiping the Father and Son. Nowhere does it even hint that we are to worship the Holy Spirit. All these verses and more reveal the Holy Spirit is not a literal being. In fact some of these Scriptures prove that it is an impossibility for the Holy Spirit to be a literal third being which is a belief that originated and was enforced by death by Emperor Theodosius 348 years after the cross. Hence the idea of the Holy Spirit as a third being could never have come from Scripture as this was a manmade idea more than 250 years "after" the Bible was written. So while there are three entities, there are only two literal beings. The Holy Spirit is the mind, power and personal presence of God.

Names for the Godhead compared

There are many names and phrases associated with the trinity doctrine but none are Biblical and hence none of them exist in Scripture. Below are phrases found in Scripture for the Father, Son and the Holy Spirit compared to Trinitarian phrases. The Trinitarian will argue that while the word Trinity is not in the Bible, the doctrine is. But you will soon find that there is nothing but straw man arguments, and that this doctrine is just as absent as any of these manmade Trinitarian words.

The Father	Jesus Christ	The Holy Spirit	Trinitarian
"The Almighty" 42 times	"Son of God" 47 times	"Spirit of God" 26 times	"God the Holy Spirit" 0 times
"God the Father" 13 times	"only begotten" 6 times	"God's Spirit" 9 times	"God the Spirit" 0 times
"The Most High God" 11 times	His "firstborn" 4 times	"Holy Spirit" 7 times	"God the Son" 0 times
"Mighty God" 8 times	"Comforter" 4 times	"Thy spirit" 4 times	"God in three persons" 0 times
"The Highest" 6 times	"Mediator" 4 times	"Spirit of Christ" 2 times	"Trinity" 0 times
"Abba" 3 times	God's "holy child" 2 times	"The Holy Spirit of God" 1 time	"Triune God" 0 times
"Ancient of days" 3 times	"The firstbegotten" 1 time	"Spirit of your Father" 1 time	"Co-equal" 0 times
"Almighty God" 2 times	"That Holy thing" 1 time	"Spirit of Jesus Christ" 1 time	"Co-eternal" 0 times
"The only true God" 1 time	"Advocate" 1 time	"Spirit of His Son" 1 time	"Consubstantial" 0 times

One God or Three?

For more than 3,000 years, Jews have repeated Deuteronomy 6:4, "Hear, O Israel: The Lord our God is one Lord." This sacred passage is called the Shema (pronounced shaw-mah and is named after the Hebrew for its first word) and has been held in high esteem and memorized by devout Jews for centuries. Trinitarians who believe there are 3 gods say, if the Bible says there is only one God then all three must be one, and yet others say if there is only one God, then how can God be composed of three beings? If Christians could only accept the simple words of Scripture instead of reading into it and trying to make Scripture say something it does not say.

When Moses said, "*The Lord our God is one*," Israel was surrounded by polytheistic nations that worshiped many gods. In Deuteronomy chapter 6, Moses exhorts Israel to hear God and to keep His Commandments. And what Commandment was the most broken in Old Testament times? Idolatry! Polytheism is seen rampant all through the Old Testament and hence God constantly rebuking Israel for idolatry. They worshipped many false Gods including the sun and the moon as male and female deities. As a result, every devout Jew recites the Shema twice every day, and still do to this very day to keep up the great ancient national protest against the polytheisms and pantheisms of the heathen world. It is the great utterance of the national faith in One Jehovah!

What many fail to recognise is that to the Jews, there is only one God, and the Spirit of God is just that, not a separate being or god. The Jews were God's chosen people and God raised the Jewish nation as non-Trinitarian which has never changed. Trinitarians often try and use the language of the Jews to prove the Trinity doctrine and yet the people that this language belongs to were never Trinitarians! The Scriptures below reveal there is but one God.

"Have we not all one father? Has not <u>one God</u> created us? Why do we deal treacherously every man against his brother, by profaning the covenant of our fathers?" Malachi 2:10

In the passage of Mark 12:28-34, "one of the scribes came" to Jesus and "asked him, Which is the first commandment of all?" (v. 28) "Jesus answered, The first of all the commandments is, Hear, O Israel; THE LORD OUR GOD IS ONE LORD: And you shall love the Lord your God with all your heart..." (v. 29, 30) Note Jesus quotes Deuteronomy 6:4. "The scribe said unto him, Well, Master, you have said the truth: for THERE IS ONE GOD; and there is none other but he:" (v. 32) How did Jesus respond to the Scribe? Did He tell Him that he was wrong? To the contrary, "And when Jesus saw that he answered discreetly (wisely), he said unto him, You are not far from the kingdom of God." (v. 34)

"Seeing <u>it is one God</u>, which shall justify the circumcision by faith, and uncircumcision through faith." Romans 3:30

"You believest that <u>there is one God</u>; you doest well: the devils also believe, and tremble." James 2:19. These devils are fallen angels who knew God and His Son. So they know "*there is one God*" and they know that Jesus is the "Son of God," and not the one true God. "*they cried out, saying, What have we to do with you, Jesus, you Son of God*?" Matthew 8:29

"Now unto the King eternal, immortal, invisible, <u>the only wise God</u>, be honour and glory for ever and ever." 1 Timothy 1:17

Note: The following Scriptures also state that there is one God. But does the Bible include Jesus as the one God as the trinity doctrine claims, or is there one God "*and*" also one Lord Jesus Christ meaning they are two separate beings?

"There is one body, and one Spirit, even as you are called in one hope of your calling; <u>One Lord [Jesus]</u>, one faith, one baptism, <u>One God and Father of all</u>, who is above all, and through all, and in you all." Ephesians 4:4-6

"For <u>there is one_God</u>, and <u>one_mediator</u> between God and men, the man Christ Jesus." 1 Timothy 2:5

"And this is life eternal, that they might know you the only true God, and Jesus Christ, whom you have sent." John 17:3

"For there are certain men crept in unawares, who were before of old ordained to this condemnation, ungodly men, turning the grace of our God into lasciviousness, and denying <u>the only Lord God</u>, and <u>our Lord Jesus</u> <u>Christ</u>." Jude 1:4

"But to us <u>there is but one God, the Father</u>, of whom are all things, and we in him; <mark>and</mark> <u>one Lord Jesus Christ</u>, by whom are all things, and we by him." 1 Corinthians 8:6

So Paul, John and Jude state that the Father is the only true God while excluding Jesus Christ revealing that He is not the Father and separate from the one true God the Father. So the only contradiction would be a belief in the trinity.

Since the Trinity doctrine teaches a three in one God, then Trinitarians use the corresponding phrases "God the Father," "God the Son" and "God the Spirit." They call all three gods. But since the Bible says there is only one God, then Trinitarians have to say that all three are one God. If this were true, then indeed the Bible would use these phrases and call them all God. So is it true? Does the Bible say this? No! If there really were three God's then the Bible would use these phrases. But it doesn't because there isn't. The Bible means what it says and says what it means! It says there is only one God being "God the Father" and so the Father is the *only* one called God. The phrases "God the Son" and "God the Spirit" do not exist anywhere in Scripture, not even once! These phrases originated from the Catholic Church and were made up to match the doctrine they created. The Bible uses the phrase "Son of God" because that is who He is. And it uses "Spirit of God" or "Spirit of the Father" as that is what it is. So why are Trinitarians using made up phrases that have an entirely different meaning and hence are not found in the Bible? If you are using the Catholic phrases "God the Son" or "God the Spirit," that never originated from Scripture, then you are following the Papal Church and antichrist, not the inspired words of God.

For Adventists: "The divine nature in the person of Christ was not transformed in human nature and the human nature of the Son of man was not changed into the divine nature, but they were mysteriously blended in the Saviour of men. <u>He was not the Father</u> but in him dwelt all the fullness of the Godhead bodily," — (E.G. White, Lt8a, July 7, 1890)

"<u>The man Christ Jesus was not the Lord God Almighty</u>, yet Christ and the Father are one." — (E.G. White, Ms140, 1903)

"<u>The unity</u> that exists between Christ and His disciples does not destroy the personality of either. <u>They are one in</u> <u>purpose, in mind, in character</u>, <u>but not in person</u>. <u>It is thus that God and Christ are one</u>." — (E.G. White, 8T 269.4, 1904)

Since the Trinity is not found in the Bible as many scholars and theologians admit, then those teaching it have to use the following steps to try and prove that it does. Firstly, it is said that the Bible says the Father is God, (True) and that Jesus is called God by His Father, (True) and that the Bible says the Holy Spirit is God, (Not True). More on this later.

Secondly, it is then said that since all three are called God, (Not True) and Deuteronomy 6:4 says there is one God, "therefore" all three must be one! You will note that this is not a "Thus saith the Lord" and is the type of assumption that allows you to make Scripture say anything you desire. This is called red fire engine logic. That is, fire engines are red, my car is red, therefore my car is a fire engine! To assume something as important as who the Father and Son are like this that Scripture does not actually say is foolishness. If God wanted us to believe He was a Trinity, He would tell us in clear plain words. There is no Scripture that specifically states the Holy Spirit is God so once again this is erroneously assumed.

And thirdly, while the one true God calls His Son God, Paul, John and Jude in the Scriptures given above unmistakably exclude Christ from being the one God. So we are back to there being just the one true God the Father just as Deuteronomy 6:4 states, and just as the Jewish nation believed when they wrote these words, and as they still believe today. True Christianity originated from Judaism, not Catholic paganism. You cannot argue the doctrine of the Trinity from the words of the Jews who wrote them when they never believed in it.

Most of the Bible was written by the Jews who never believed or taught the Trinity doctrine and still do not today. And Jesus of course was a Jew as were His disciples. How do you teach the Trinity doctrine from the Bible when it is a non-Trinitarian book? The apostle John for instance could never have been teaching the Comforter and Spirit of truth is another being as the Jews have never taught or believed that ever. So the Bible had non-Trinitarian authors. Christians have been indoctrinated with many nice sounding erroneous ideas to make them think the doctrine is in the Bible when in fact it cannot be.

We also know the Bible is a non-Trinitarian book as the word Trinity did not exist until about 200 A.D. at which point the idea of the Holy Spirit as a third being and the 3 in 1 still did not exist. The fully developed trinity doctrine did not exist until 381 A.D. So it is impossible for any of the Bible authors to have written about something that did not exist in their lifetime.

In a discussion between Summerbell and Flood on Trinity, p. 38, in regards to the trinity he says, "*it is certain that the Jewish church held to no such doctrine. Says Mr. Summerbell, "A friend of mine who was present in a New York synagogue, asked the Rabbi for an explanation of the word 'Elohim'. A Trinitarian clergyman who stood by, replied, 'Why, that has reference to the three persons in the Trinity,' when a Jew stepped forward and said he must not mention that word again, or they would have to compel him to leave the house; for it was not permitted to mention the name of any strange god in the synagogue."*

Strange god indeed. I worship the one true God the Father and His Son Jesus Christ. Not some 1 in 3 god that came from sun and Satan worship! "*And truly our fellowship is <u>with the Father</u>, <u>and</u> <u>with his Son Jesus Christ</u>." 1 John 1:3*

Does Elohim prove a Trinity?

Some claim that because the word most often used for God in the Hebrew Bible is Elohim (plural for El), then the one true God must be a trinity. But this is just another deception or ignorance. The fact is that the word Elohim is used for the true God, false gods, supernatural spirits (angels) and even human leaders such as kings and judges. Thus the word Elohim can and is used to refer to a single person, and when it does, linguists call it a *"plural intensive"* or *"plural of majesty"* which denotes greatness. The Hebrew people pluralized nouns when they desired to express greatness or majesty as they did with God. So when Elohim is used of the one true God, it is called a *"plural of majesty"* which denotes the greatness of God, not number.

This was "only" done by the Hebrew people so in the Greek translation of the Hebrew Bible (*the Septuagint, which Jesus and the apostles quoted*) where Elohim refers to the true God, the word Theos is used which is *not* plural but singular. The same applies to the New Testament where Theos is the Greek equivalent to Elohim and once again it is not plural but singular. For example. Jesus quotes Deuteronomy 6:4 in <u>Mark 12:29</u>. The word Theos for God in this verse is singular, not plural. If Elohim was really a plurality of the one true God, then the New Testament writers would have used the plural of Theos also when referring to God. Instead they used the singular form every single time. And yet the plural form is used eight times in the New Testament referring to men or false gods. (John 10:34-35; Acts 7:40, 14:11, 19:26; 1 Corinthians 8:5; Galatians 4:8). I trust that no one will say that God is a trinity in the Hebrew language while being one God in the Greek language.

Note the examples below. The Hebrew morphology codes [ncmpa] used with *Elohim* below are Noun Common, Masculine, <u>Plural</u> and Absolute, while the Greek morphology codes [N-NSM] used with *Theos* are Noun, Nominative, <u>Singular</u> and Masculine. Every occurrence of the word Theos for God is always <u>singular</u> in the Greek Old and New Testaments.

Genesis 1:1 Hebrew — "In the beginning, God [אלהים ĕlôhîym ^{430 [ncmpa]} p=<mark>Plural</mark>] created the heavens and the earth."

Genesis 1:1 Greek — "In the beginning, God [θεος theos²³¹⁶ [N-NSM] s=Singular] made the heavens and the earth." And what about Moses, was he a trinity to Pharaoh? Obviously not. "And the LORD said unto Moses, See, I have made you a god [Elohim] to Pharaoh." Exodus 7:1. Here Elohim refers to one person and so it is a "Plural of Majesty" and therefore denotes greatness. So this verse simply means that God would make Moses appear great in the eyes of Pharaoh. For example. "And the LORD gave the people favour in the sight of the Egyptians. Moreover the man Moses was very great in the land of Egypt, in the sight of Pharaoh's servants, and in the sight of the people." Exodus 11:3. The word Elohim in the KJV Bible has also been translated to the words "great" and "mighty" due to its meaning.

Below are some dictionary definitions from scholars concerning the usage of Elohim as a *"plural intensive,"* or as many prefer, *"plural of majesty"* (a pluralis excellentice) or "plentitude of might."

"Elohim is a plural form which is often used in Hebrew to denote plentitude of might." — (Hertz, The Pentateuch & Haftorahs)

"The form of the word, Elohim, is plural. The Hebrews pluralized nouns to express greatness or majesty." — (Flanders, Cresson; Introduction to the Bible)

"The Hebrew noun Elohim is plural but the verb is singular, a normal usage in the OT when reference is to the one true God. This use of the plural expresses intensification rather than number and has been called the plural of majesty, or of potentiality." — (New International Version Study Bible, Grand Rapids: Zondervan, 1985, p. 6)

"This word [elohim], which is generally viewed as the plural of eloah [Strong's #433], is found far more frequently in Scripture than either el or eloah for the true God. The plural ending is usually described as a <u>plural of</u> majesty_and not intended as a true plural when used of God. This is seen in the fact that the noun elohim is consistently used with singular verb forms and with adjectives and pronouns in the singular." — (Theological Wordbook of the Old Testament, Vol. 1, 1980, p. 44)

"The plural form of Elohim has given rise to much discussion. The_fanciful idea_that it referred to the trinity of persons in the Godhead hardly finds now a supporter among scholars. It is either what grammarians call the plural of majesty, or it denotes the fullness of divine strength, the sum of the powers displayed by God. Jehovah denotes specifically the one true God, whose people the Jews were, and who made them the guardians of his truth." — (Smith's Bible Dictionary)

So why does the fanciful idea that Elohim refers to a trinity hardly find a supporter among scholars now? Because the truth is impossible to avoid and you would only end up looking very foolish and deceived if you use this to try and prove a lie.

Below is the Brown-Driver-Briggs' Hebrew Definitions for the word Elohim. When Elohim refers to *one* that is great, it is called <u>plural intensive</u> which is the <u>singular meaning</u>. But when the noun is actually <u>plural</u>, it translates to plural such as *gods*. And when the noun is actually singular, it translates to <u>plural intensive</u> - <u>singular meaning</u> such as *God* who is *one* but is also great. This is called *"plural intensive"* which is also called a *"plural of majesty."* Highlighting is added.

BDB Definition:

1) (plural) 1a) rulers, judges 1b) divine ones 1c) angels 1d) gods

2) (plural intensive - singular meaning)

- 2a) god, goddess
- 2b) godlike one
- 2c) works or special possessions of God 2d) the (true) God
- 2e) God

So when you hear the argument that Elohim means God must be a trinity, then understand that there is either deliberate deception or total ignorance and such a person cannot be trusted. Sadly, Adventist Pastor Doug Batchelor used this argument to try and prove the Trinity doctrine. Watch this short

Sadly, Adventist Pastor Doug Batchelor used this argument to try and prove the Trinity doctrine. Watch this short video for the truth on the meaning of Elohim.

As for Genesis 1:26, the pronouns are plural in the Hebrew text so it is translated, "God said, let US make man in OUR image, after OUR likeness." Trinitarians claim that since Elohim is plural, and the pronouns are plural, God must be more than one. But Elohim refers to the one true God which only leaves the question of who is "us" in this verse. Scripture does not leave us guessing. Ephesians 3:9 says, "God, ... created all things by Jesus Christ:" God in this verse is obviously someone other than Jesus Christ, and Hebrews 1:2 and John 1:3 says God created all things by His Son. So who is speaking in Genesis 1:26 and who is He speaking to? God the Father said to His Son, "let US make man in OUR image." Christ is "the express image" of the Father, so anyone created in the Father's image is also created in His Son's image.

For Adventists: "The Father and the Son engaged in the mighty, wondrous work they had contemplated, of creating the world. ... And now God said to His Son, "Let us make man in our image. [Genesis 1:26 quoted]" — (E.G. White, 1SP, 24.1,2). Please watch this 12 second YouTube video clip and see who the President of the SDA Church says did the creating and ask yourself has the Church become deceived on the Godhead. Close the window to return to this page. Note that President Ted Wilson also confirms that the Adventist Church teaches the three in one god just as the Catholic Church does.

Does John 1:1 say Jesus is God?

John 1:1 says, "(a) In the beginning was the Word, (b) and the Word was <u>with</u> [the] God, (c) and the Word was God."

That this Divine Word is none other than Jesus Christ is shown by verse 14, "And the Word was made flesh, and dwelt among us, (and we beheld his glory, the glory as of the only begotten of the Father,) full of grace and truth." John 1:1a says the Word was in the beginning, but the beginning of what? It has to be the beginning of something. Was it the beginning of this world? Was it the beginning of the creation of the angels? Whichever beginning you place it at, it has to be the beginning. But that is not what the verse says. God had no beginning! Also the Word with has to mean something. The Word was "with" God. They cannot be the same being, or one could not be with the other. As John 1:2 NIV says, "He [Jesus] was with God in the beginning."

The proper rendering of John 1:1 into English from the original Koine Greek text continues to be a source of vigorous debate among Bible translators, and especially the phrase *the Word was God (c)*. The first verse of John's Gospel says that God's Son Christ Jesus, being referred to as the Word here, was with God in the beginning, (*a+b*). John 1:1b does not say that the Messiah is God but was with *"the"* God. It is important to note

that the word "*the*" exists in the Greek text and was left out by translators as they probably thought it read wrong, but it is correct and has purpose. Here is the original Greek text for (1b). Kall and ²⁵³² CONJ o the ³⁵⁸⁸ T-NSM</sup> $\lambda oyos$ Word ³⁰⁵⁶ N-NSM</sup> ηv was ²²⁵⁸ V-IXI-3S</sup> $\pi \rho os$ with ⁴³¹⁴ PREP tov the ³⁵⁸⁸ T-ASM</sup> $\theta \varepsilon ov$ God ²³¹⁶ N-ASM</sup>

The phrase "the God" identifies the one true God the Father in this verse and so the word "the" is important. While Jesus is called God in this verse, there is a clear distinction between Him and "*the*" God whom He was with. The God whom Jesus was with is "*the*" God the Father. Jesus was not the same God He was with but rather Jesus was God in the sense of being divine just like His Father, as being the Son, He inherits the characteristics of His Father. The Father is God and so His Son is God by nature just as any human by inheritance possesses the very nature and form of humanity.

One can better understand John 1:1 by using the same grammatical structure but with different subjects such as Adam and Eve for example. "In the beginning was the woman, and the woman was with [the] human, and the woman was human." Adam is "the human" and the woman is Eve, but Eve is also human by nature but Eve is not "the human" in identity. They are two separate persons. Look at this again with this perspective in mind. "In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with the Deity, and the Word was Deity." The Word, the Son was with the supreme Deity the Father, and the Word was Deity in nature. But the Son was not "the" Deity, the Son has the Father's divine nature by inheritance. The Word has the same God quality, the same divine nature and the same God-ness as His Father. Thus Jesus was with God in the beginning, but He is not "the" God the Father but God by inheritance and nature being the Son. He is God because He is the Son of God. It is that simple.

In <u>Hebrews 1:1-9</u> we note that the speaker is God the Father and that He is addressing His Son and calling Him God. Verse 2 says that Christ was "appointed heir" of all things. An heir of course is someone who receives an inheritance from someone. In this case Christ the Son received an inheritance from His Father. But what did He receive? His name, His authority and His power! In other words, Jesus being the one and only begotten Son of the living God received by virtue of His birth all of the attributes that His Father possessed. Verse 4 says, "Being made so much better than the angels, as <u>he has by inheritance obtained a more excellent name</u> than they." Verse 8 says that this more excellent name is the name "God," which was given by the Father to His Son. "Unto the Son He [God] saith, Thy throne, O God, is forever and ever." And so this name "He has by inheritance." It is not a name that was bestowed but a name that was inherited from His Father.

So Christ not only inherited His name but other things as well. Name means authority (<u>Mark 11:9</u>, John 5:43), and it also means character and nature (<u>Exodus 33:18-19</u>, <u>Exodus 34:5-6</u>). The name Adam means human for example. When people have children, they not only inherit the name of their parents but they also inherit the nature of the parents, which of course is human nature. In like manner, Jesus inherited the same name as His Father, just as a child inherits the name of the parents, and He also inherits the nature of His Father, which is His divine nature. Christ also inherits His Father's life. "*For as the Father has life in himself; so has he given to the Son to have life in himself.*" John 5:26. And if Jesus had always existed alongside the Father as the Trinity doctrine claims, then God could not have given life to His Son as He would have always had life. But Scripture reveals this is impossible. So Christ inherited not only the name of His Father, and the nature of His Father but also the very life of the Father. In other words, Christ inherited the very same attributes and nature as His Father. That is why Christ has a more excellent name than the angels. He has the divine nature of the Father as He comes from the Father and so is equal and fully divine as the Father.

Some seem to favour a belief in Trinitarianism because they feel Jesus should be exactly the same as His Father in every single way in order for Him to be called God. But do your offspring have to be exactly the same as you in age and authority etc. to be 100% human? I would hate to think that for my son to be fully human that he had to be like me in every way.

Let's cover one more time why Jesus is called God by simple points since this is such a huge stumbling block for many.

Are you human by nature? — Yes. Are your children human by nature? — Yes. Do your children inherit your human nature? — Yes. Do your children inherit their father's name? — Yes. Is the Father God by nature? — Yes. Is His Son God by nature? — Yes. Did Jesus inherit His Father's name? — Yes. Did Jesus inherit His Father's God nature? — Yes

Why would we expect anything else? Jesus inherited His Father's name and God nature because He is God's Son! The same applies to people.

So basically, there is "one" God. Jesus is "not" the God, He is the Son of God. He carries the "name" of God by virtue of His "inheritance." And because He is the Son of God, He is "equal" with God.

For Adventists: Ellen G. White endorsed the following. Sentences have been placed on separate lines for easier reading.

"This name was not given to Christ in consequence of some great achievement, but it is His by right of inheritance. Speaking of the power and greatness of Christ, the writer to the Hebrews says that He is made so much better than the angels, because "He hath by <u>inheritance</u> obtained a more excellent name than they." Heb. 1:4.

A son always rightfully takes the name of the father; and Christ, as "the only begotten Son of God," has rightfully the same name.

A son, also, is, to a greater or less degree, a reproduction of the father; he has, to some extent, the features and personal characteristics of his father; not perfectly, because there is no perfect reproduction among mankind. But there is no imperfection in God, or in any of His works; and so Christ is the "express image" of the Father's person. Heb. 1:3.

As the Son of the self-existent God, he has by nature all the attributes of Deity.

It is true that there are many sons of God; <u>but Christ is the "only begotten Son of God," and therefore the Son of God in a sense in which no other being ever was, or ever can be</u>.

The angels are sons of God, as was Adam (Job 38:7; Luke 3:38), by creation; Christians are the sons of God by adoption (Rom. 8:14,15); <u>but Christ is the Son of God by birth</u>.

The writer to the Hebrews further shows that the position of the Son of God is not one to which Christ has been elevated, but that it is one which He has by right." — (E.J. Waggoner, CAHR, p. 11-12)

Is Jesus God?

The word God is used in two different ways in Scripture. Firstly, the word "God" is used to refer to the Supreme Being of the universe who is the ultimate source of all things. Every time the Bible refers to the one true God, it is referring to this supreme being who is the one that was before all else and from whom all life ultimately came. In this sense no one else is God. But the word God is also used to refer to someone who possesses the attributes of divinity, or the characteristics of God.

Many times the Bible teaches that Jesus Christ is the begotten Son of the one true God the Father, and being the Son, He possesses the same attributes and characteristics as His Father. It is an obvious fact that every son inherits the nature of his father. And since Christ came out of the Father, He is of the very substance of His Father and hence has the same God nature of His Father as He possesses by birth all the attributes and characteristics of His Father. In fact, Hebrews 1:3 says He is the "*express image of His person.*" A son also and always rightfully takes the name of the father and so Christ as the only begotten Son of God has rightfully the same name. Note that <u>Hebrews 1:1-9</u> says that Jesus is an *heir* who has by *inheritance* obtained a more excellent name than the angels and that name is God! So Jesus inherited His Father's name, character and divine nature in the same way a human son inherits the human nature and name of his parents.

So Jesus is God because He is the Son of God. But He is not and cannot be "God the Father." He is the "Son of God" just as the Bible so plainly states more than one hundred times. He is God's literal Son. To say that Jesus is God the Father is to say that the "Son is the Father" which means the Son is not really a Son and the Father is not really a Father. Or to put it another way, to say that Jesus is the Father because He has the same God nature as His Father is no different to saying that since my Father is Human and I am Human, therefore I must be my father! This is not good logic or theology and suddenly hundreds of Scriptures supposedly would no longer mean what they say at all. The truth is that Scripture means what it says and says what it means. *God is the Father of Christ; Christ is the Son of God.* The Bible never calls Jesus "God the Son" as Trinitarians do and with very good reason. It is always the "Son of God" because that is who He is.

Satan's plan is for us to deny the Father and Son as this is what John called antichrist. <u>1 John 2:22-23</u>. He does not care if our belief is Trinitarian, Unitarian or other. As long as it denies Jesus is the literal Son of God which also denies God is a Father. Confessing Jesus is the Son of God is our only means to the Father and to deny this has eternal consequences.

In conclusion, Jesus is not "a" God or "the" God but God only by nature through inheritance being the Son. Jesus is a divine being but He is not the supreme being. The Father is the supreme being and the source of all things and the life of the Father flows through the Son and out to all. Jesus is the channel through which all things come

and why the Father has given all things into His hands. Only the Father is described as the one "of whom are all things." He is the great Source of all. Jesus is not another source "of whom are all things." That would make Him another God. Rather Jesus is described as the one "by whom are all things." The Father has given Christ authority to rule over all things but this does not include the Father Himself. The Father is greater in authority and always will be. God the Father is the source of all things including His Son. Thus all things proceed from the Father; including Christ Himself, but it has pleased the Father that in Him should all fullness dwell (Colossians 1:19). So when we say "Jesus is God," we have to be careful to state exactly what we mean. Christ is a divine being, but not the supreme being. When we speak of the Supreme Being there is only one such person and it is not Jesus.

So there is but "one" God. Jesus is "not" God, He is the Son of God. He carries the "name" of God by virtue of His "inheritance." And because He is the Son of God, He is "equal" with God.

"But to us there is but one God, the Father, <mark>of whom are all things</mark>, and we in him; and one Lord Jesus Christ, <mark>by</mark> <mark>whom are all things</mark>, and we by him." 1 Corinthians 8:6

"One God and Father of all, who is above all, and through all, and in you all." Ephesians 4:6

For Adventists: "<u>God is the Father of Christ; Christ is the Son of God</u>. To Christ has been given an exalted position. <u>He has been made equal with the Father</u>. All the counsels of God are opened to His Son." — (E.G. White, 8T 268.3)

"Only one being in the universe besides the Father bears the name of God, and that is His Son, Jesus Christ." — (J.E. White, *Coming King*, p. 33)

"<u>He [Christ] was not the Father</u> but in him dwelt all the fullness of the Godhead bodily," — (E.G. White, Lt8a, July 7, 1890)

"<u>The man Christ Jesus was not the Lord God Almighty</u>, yet Christ and the Father are one." — (E.G. White, Ms140, 1903)

"<u>The unity</u> that exists between Christ and His disciples does not destroy the personality of either. <u>They are one in</u> <u>purpose, in mind, in character</u>, <u>but not in person</u>. <u>It is thus that God and Christ are one</u>." — (E.G. White, 8T 269.4, 1904)

The Bible physically separates the Father and the Son repeatedly. While Christ was on earth, He referred to, "*My Father which is in heaven*." Matthew 10:32. He always directed His prayers heavenward to the Father and stated that the Father had His own individual will, "*Father, if you be willing, remove this cup from me: nevertheless not my will, but thine, be done*." Luke 22:42. "*And at the ninth hour Jesus cried with a loud voice, saying, Eloi, Eloi, lama sabachthani? Which is, being interpreted, My God, my God, why have you forsaken me?*" Mark 15:34. "*Father, into thy hands I commend my spirit*." Luke 23:46. Then after He died and rose again, He ascended to "*the right hand of God.*" Romans 8:34. Only God knows the hour of His son's return. "*But of that day and that hour knows no man, no, not the angels which are in heaven, neither the Son, but the Father.*" Mark 13:32. John frequently addresses the Father and Son as separate entities. "*Our fellowship is with the Father, and with his Son Jesus Christ.*" 1 John 1:3. As did Paul, "*For there is one God, and one mediator between God and men, the man Christ Jesus*," 1 Timothy 2:5 and "there is but one God, the Father, of whom are all things, and we in him; and one Lord Jesus Christ, by whom are all things, and we by him." 1 Corinthians 8:6. And Stephen, "*But he, being full of the Holy Ghost, looked up stedfastly into heaven, and saw the glory of God, and Jesus standing on the right hand of God*," Acts 7:55.

These and many others prove the Father has a separate presence.

Not only do we have dozens of Scriptures that reveal Jesus is not the one true God and is clearly separate, how does one say Jesus is the one God when no man has seen God? "*No man has seen God at any time*. If we love one another, God dwelleth in us, and his love is perfected in us." 1 John 4:12. Only Christ has seen the only true God the Father. "Not that anyone has seen the Father, <u>except</u> He [Jesus] who is from God; He has seen the Father." John 6:46

In fact Jesus said that He was not the Father more than 80 times. While always remaining one in purpose, Jesus and the Father are clearly separate and distinct beings. And on more than one occasion, the Father spoke to Jesus from heaven. "And suddenly a voice came from heaven, saying, 'This is My beloved Son, in whom I am well pleased'." Matthew 3:17. Either Jesus and the Father are two separate individual beings or Jesus was an expert ventriloquist.



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